Year Grou	p: 7 Subject: Science	Term: Spring 2022		
Topic Biology: Reproduction	<ul> <li>End Point: To describe different methods of reproduction from birth to adolescence.</li> <li>Know that all living organisms need to reproduce Know that sex cells are called gametes and the Know that sexual reproduction involves the join Know that new organisms produced by reprodue Describe changes to males and females during Know the function of the male and female reproduce Know about menstrual well-being, the range of Understand what is meant by a 'healthy intimat</li> <li>Describe the process of sexual intercourse and the methods of the method</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Know that all living organisms need to reproduce so that their species can continue to exist</li> <li>Know that sex cells are called gametes and the human gametes are the sperm cell and the egg cell</li> <li>Know that sexual reproduction involves the joining of two gametes and that this process is called fertilisation</li> <li>Know that new organisms produced by reproduction are called offspring</li> <li>Describe changes to males and females during puberty</li> <li>Know the function of the male and female reproductive systems</li> <li>Describe the stages of the menstrual cycle</li> <li>Know about menstrual well-being, the range of products available and where to seek help</li> <li>Understand what is meant by a 'healthy intimate relationship'</li> <li>Describe the process of sexual intercourse and understand the term 'consent'</li> </ul>		
<b>Chemistry:</b> Separating Mixtures	<ul> <li>out a range of separation techniques, including filtration</li> <li>Know what is meant by the terms; atom, eleme</li> <li>Know that a pure substance contains only one impure substance is a mixture</li> <li>Describe the terms solute, solvent, solution and</li> <li>Know that chromatography separates dissolved</li> <li>Know that filtration can be used to separate an</li> <li>Know that distillation can be used to separate a</li> <li>Know that distillation can be used to separate a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>model, describing particles in a solution. Describe and carry</li> <li>n, evaporation, distillation and chromatography.</li> <li>ent, compound and mixture</li> <li>type of particle (either an atom or a compound) and that an</li> <li>d insoluble</li> <li>d substances by their solubility</li> <li>insoluble solid from a liquid</li> <li>e a soluble solid from a liquid</li> <li>wo liquid with different boiling points</li> <li>separate a liquid from a mixture of two or more liquids</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After each assessment there will be an opportunity for students to review their understanding</li> <li>Teachers will provide students with targeted feedback, based on their test performance</li> <li>At the end of the term students will have a summative assessment. This will be a 45-mark exam paper (15 marks from each topic), which will be marked by their teacher</li> </ul>	
<b>Physics:</b> Forces and Energy	<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of forces to explain scenarios such as between stores of energy.</li> <li>Identify simple forces and know what is meant</li> <li>Describe forces as balanced or unbalanced and more forces are acting on a single object</li> <li>Know how to draw accurate force diagrams</li> <li>Describe whether an object will float or sink, us</li> <li>Investigate how elastic objects change shape w</li> <li>Describe the following stores of energy; kinetic,</li> <li>Describe how energy is not produced or destro</li> </ul>	<pre>le forces, such as friction, air resistance, upthrust and weight. s objects floating. Understand how energy is transferred by a contact and non-contact force d know that the resultant force is the total force when two or sing understanding of weight and upthrust when a force is applied (extension of a spring) , chemical, elastic, gravitational and thermal</pre>		