

Spring Term plan

Year 12 Mathematics A Level

Mrs Laidler/Mr Storey-Scott	Mr Bullock/Mr Ahluwalia
<p>CORE</p> <p>Integration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know and use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus • understand that differentiation is the 'reverse' of integration and vice versa • Integrate x^n (excluding $n = -1$), and related sums, differences and constant multiples • include a constant of integration when finding an indefinite integral • Evaluate definite integrals and use a definite integral to find the area under a curve <p>Mechanics</p> <p>Vectors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify vector and scale • Use vectors in two dimensions with both column vectors and i, j notation, • Calculate the magnitude and direction of a vector and convert between component form and magnitude/direction form • Solve problems involving displacements velocities and forces • prove that two vectors are parallel and understand collinearity • Use the position vectors to find displacements and distances • Use vectors to solve problems in pure mathematics and in context <p>Kinematics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and use fundamental quantities and units in the SI system: length, time, mass. • Understand and use derived quantities and units: velocity, acceleration, force, weight • Calculate average speed and average velocity • Draw and interpret graphs of displacement and velocity against time • Derive and use the formulae for motion • Use calculus in kinematics for motion in a straight line with variable acceleration <p>Forces</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resolve forces in two perpendicular directions • Calculate the magnitude and direction of a resultant force • Resolve for connected particles with constant acceleration • Understand mass and weight 	<p>STATISTICS</p> <p>Probability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the vocabulary of probability theory, including the terms random experiment, sample space, independent events and mutually exclusive events • Solve problems involving mutually exclusive and independent events using the addition and multiplication rules • Use a probability function or a given context to find the probability distribution and probabilities for particular events • Recognise and solve problems relating to experiments which can be modelled by the Binomial distribution <p>Hypothesis Testing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and apply the language of statistical hypothesis testing, developed through a binomial model • Conduct a statistical hypothesis test for the proportion in the binomial distribution and interpret the results in context. • Understand that a sample is being used to make an inference about the population and appreciate that the significance level is the probability of incorrectly rejecting the null hypothesis <p style="text-align: center;">Statistics review and assessment</p> <p>CORE</p> <p>Curve Sketching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyse a function and sketch its graph • understand, use and sketch straight-line graphs (including vertical and horizontal) • understand and use polynomials up to cubic (including sketching curves) • understand and use cubic polynomials with at least one linear factor. • distinguish between the various possibilities for graphs of cubic polynomials indicating where graphs meet coordinate axes • understand and use graphs of the functions $y = a/x$ and $y = a/x^2$, as well as simple transformations of these graphs (including sketching curves). • Understand the effect of simple transformations on the graph of $y = f(x)$ including sketching associated graphs: $y = af(x)$, $y = f(x) + a$, $y = f(x + a)$ and $y = f(ax)$
<p>End of term assessment</p>	