Key Vocabulary for Spring Term Overviews

| Subject: ICT | Year Group: Y7 |
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| Key Learning Points/End Points | Key Vocabulary |
| Computer Hardware | PC - personal computer (PC), a digital computer designed for use by only one person at a time. Central Processing Unit - The CPU is where processes such as calculating, sorting and searching take place. Graphics Processing Unit - is a specialised electronic processor, which is programmed to render all images on a computer screen. |
| | Secondary Storage - It is used to keep programs and data indefinitely, where files and folders are stored. Random-Access-Memory - Is a computer's short-term memory, holds open files and apps. Power Supply Unit - a PSU inside every computer that provides its power. Motherboard - The motherboard is a circuit board that connects the CPU to the memory and all the other hardware. |
| E-Safety and Digital Imagery | Bitmap - Bitmap images are organised as a grid of coloured squares called pixels. Vector - Vector graphics are stored as a list of attributes. Tessellation - Tessellation is a pattern created with identical shapes which fit together with no gaps. Layers - layers are the different levels at which one can place an object or image file. Target audience - Target audience refers to the specific group of consumers most likely to want your product or service Publisher - A software package that can easily create business cards, greeting cards, calendars, newsletters. personal information - Personal data is information that relates to an identified or identifiable individual. Phishing - Phishing is a type of social engineering where an attacker sends a fraudulent message. Digital footprint - The information about a particular person that exists on the internet as a result of their online activity. Cyber-bullying - The use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature. |