Subject: Mathematics		Subject Leader: Mr S Card	Stage D	AUTUMN TERM	
Торіс		Key Learning Points	Key Vocabulary	Assessments	
Block 1 – Rounding and approximation	• • • •	Round numbers to decimal places, integers and 10s, 100s, and 1000s Understand the meaning of significant figures Round both large and small numbers to a given number of significant figures Find the bounds of rounded numbers Approximate calculations by rounding numbers to 1 significant figure Use approximation to solve problems	Round Integer Significant figure Leading zero Bound	Blocks 1-2 will be assessed before the Autumn half term holiday	
Block 2 – Formulae	•	Write formulae to represent the link between different variables Substitute values into formulae to find the subject Substitute values into formulae to find other values Change the subject of formulae Understand the importance in the order of operations when rearranging Use trial and improvement as a method for solving equations	Rearrange Formulae Variable Subject Trial and improvement		
Block 3 – Ratio and proportion	•	Write and simplify ratios including those containing different units Split a quantity into a given ratio and solve associated problems Solve problems involving two or more ratios Use a unitary method to solve direct proportion questions Solve conversion problems including currency and metric/imperial Use direct proportion to solve 'best buy' problems	Unitary method Ratio Direct proportion Convert Metric Imperial		
Block 4 – Compound measures	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Convert between different units of time Know the formula for speed and understand its different units Find distance travelled and time taken when given a speed Draw distance time graphs to represent journeys Know the formula for density and use it to solve problems Know the formula for pressure and use it to solve problems	Compound measure Speed Density Pressure Population density Force	Blocks 3-5 will be assessed before the Christmas holiday	
Block 5 – Straight line graphs		Calculate x and y values for linear functions Draw the graph of a linear function Find the point of intersection of two straight lines Understand the link between an equation of the form y=mx + c and its graph Find gradients of line segments and lines Identify the equation of a line from its graph	Linear Intersection Gradient Line segment Intercept Equation of line		

Subject: Mathematics		Subject Leader: Mr S Card	Stage D	SPRING TERM	
Торіс		Key Learning Points	Key Vocabulary	Assessments	
Block 6 – Geometry and angles	 Ic Ki C: Fi S: U 	dentify corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles now angle facts relating to corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles alculate internal and external angles of regular polygons ind the number of sides of regular polygons using its angles olve problems involving internal and external angles of irregular polygons Inderstand the conditions that must be met for a shape to tessellate	Supplementary Internal External Tessellate Regular polygon Irregular polygon		
Block 7 – Perimeter of shapes	 K Fi K C Fi 	now the names of parts of a circle now the formula and calculate the circumference of circles ind the radius or circumference of a circle from its circumference now the formula for arc length and use it to solve problems alculate the perimeter of sectors ind perimeter of compound shapes involving circles and sectors	Circumference Radius Perimeter Sector Arc Compound shape	Blocks 6-8 will be assessed before the Spring half term holiday	
Block 8 – Percentage change	 U So U So So Ko 	se a multiplicative method to calculate percentages olve reverse percentage problems se multipliers to solve percentage change problems olve repeat and compound percentage problems olve reverse percentage change problems now and use the formula for percentage change	Multiplier Simple interest Compound interest Percentage change		
Block 9 – Maps, bearings, constructions and loci	 N U Ic Sc K Sc 	Take scale drawings of objects or pictures se bearings to describe the relative position between two points dentify the position of a point based on its bearing from two points olve problems involving bearings and scale drawings now the methods for bisecting lines/angles and drawing perpendiculars olve loci problems using construction techniques	Scale drawing Bearing Bisect Perpendicular Construct Locus/loci	Blocks 9-10 will be assessed before the	
Block 10 – Pythagoras theorem	 Ki U U C Sc Ic 	now Pythagoras theorem and how it relates sides in right angled triangles se Pythagoras theorem to find the length of hypotenuses se Pythagoras theorem to find shorter sides of triangles alculate areas of non-right-angled triangles using Pythagoras olve problems involving multiple triangles using Pythagoras dentify whether a triangle is right angled using Pythagoras	Hypotenuse Pythagoras' theorem	Easter holiday	

Subject: Mathem	atics	Subject Leader: Mr S Card	Stage D	SUMMER TERM	
Торіс		Key Learning Points	Key Vocabulary	Assessments	
Block 11 – Area of shapes	 Know and use th Know and use th Know and use th Calculate the are Know the formul Find area of com 	e area formula for a parallelogram e area formula for a trapezium e formula for the area of a circle a of quadrants and semi circles a for sector area and use it to solve problems pound shapes involving circles and sectors	Parallelogram Trapezium Quadrant Sector Compound shape	Blocks 11-12 will be assessed before the Summer half term holiday	
Block 12 – Volume and surface area of prisms	 Know the formul Know the formul Know the formul Find the surface Find the surface Find the surface 	a for the volume of a cuboid and be able to apply it a for the volume of a prism and be able to apply it a for the volume of a cylinder and be able to apply it area of cuboids area of basic prisms area of cylinders	Prism Volume Cylinder Surface area		
Block 13 – Probability	 Calculate the the Compare probability Calculate probability Draw and calculate Understand the the Calculate the explosion 	oretical probability of events occurring ilities using equivalent fractions or decimals ilities from two-way tables te probabilities from frequency trees erm relative frequency and calculate it from given data pected number of times an event will occur	Theoretical Probability Mutually exclusive Frequency Relative Expectation	Assessment based on previous knowledge and	
Block 14 – Grouped and bivariant data	 Record discrete a Calculate an estin Estimate median Draw frequency Accurately draw Describe correlation 	and continuous data in a grouped frequency table mate of the mean from grouped frequency tables s from grouped frequency tables diagrams and frequency polygons scatter graphs and lines of best fit ion between two variables	Discrete Continuous Mean Median Line of best fit Correlation Variables	new learning from current curriculum year	

How parents can support learning in the subject this academic year

At the beginning of each new block of work, students will stick a **Knowledge Checklist** into their orange book. This contains a list of the learning objectives for the block (given above), key vocabulary which has been carefully defined and important facts that the students need to know. Helping students to learn the vocabulary and key knowledge will be hugely beneficial to their progress. The objectives are referenced to a Mathswatch video clip which will explain the work, give examples and practise questions. These can be used for pre-learning to gain an insight into what is coming up, consolidation of understanding or catching up on work missed.

Practice is important so please encourage students to complete homework on a weekly basis, suggest they attend Maths Club (Monday after school) which allows them to work on any aspect of their maths with support from several teachers or develop their interest in other areas of maths. Talking and using maths at home is a great way to link maths to everyday situations, for instance scaling up or down ingredients for a recipe, discussing time or money, estimating costs, looking at best value products in the supermarket, converting between units of measure etc.

Due to the hierarchical structure of Mathematics, it is vital that students catch up on any work missed through absences. If a student is absent they are expected to use their Knowledge Checklist to locate a video clip which will explain the work. Students should copy down the examples and work through the questions given. When they return they will need to copy up the missed notes from another student. If they need support with the work then please encourage them to attend Maths Club where staff will be there to help and support.

Recommended Reading

Murderous Maths Series – Poskitt Kjartan Look into my eyes (Ruby Redfort) – Lauren Child The number devil: A Mathematical adventure – Hans Magnus Enzensberger Alex's adventures in Numberland – Alex Bellos Can you solve my problems? – Allex Bellos Math with bad drawings: Illuminating the ideas that shape our reality – Ben Orlin

Points to note

Students are expected to bring a scientific calculator to every maths lesson. The model we currently recommend is the Casio Classwiz FX-83GTX-S. This calculator can be purchased through the school via parentpay.