| Subject: Health | and Social Care | Subject Leader: Bethan Woolley | Year Group: 13 | AUTUMN TERM |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Торіс | | Key Learning Points | Key Vocabulary | Assessments |
| Unit 24: Public Health | Students will initially begin with an overview of what public health is and look at the history and evolution of our public health system in the United Kingdom. They will then complete their first coursework task which is to summarise the origins of public health policy and legislation. Students will look at the role of national organisations and practitioners who are responsible for promoting public health, such as the NHS and GP's. They will then complete their second coursework task which is to explain the role of national organisations and practitioners in promoting public | | Legislation Regulation WHO NHS PHE NICE Food standards agency Third sector Government initiatives Screening Immunisation and Vaccinations Environmental protection Childhood obesity Smoking cessation | Assessment will take place through students meeting the set criteria for the NEA and opportunities for improvement will be given after each submitted task |
| Unit 5; Infection Control | control in health and soci infection to support their assignment in which they | st learning objective which is to understand infection al care. Students will draw on their knowledge of the Covid learning . Students will then complete their first will describe common terms in relation to infection isks associated with poor infection control are different in I care environments. | Pathogenic bacteria Contamination Standard precautions Bacteria Viruses Fungi | Assessment will take place through students meeting the set criteria for the NEA and opportunities for improvement will be |

| Student's will then investigate the chain of an infection in order to be able to | Yeast | given after each |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| complete the second assignment where they describe sources of infection and | Reservoir | submitted task |
| outline ways in which infection can be transmitted from one body to another. | Portals of exit | |
| Students are able to draw on their learning from unit 4 Anatomy and physiology for | Portals of entry | |
| health and social care . | , | |
| Using Covid as an example students research method used to prevent the spread of | | |
| infection and why standard precautions for infection control should be maintained | | |
| at all times. Students demonstrate correct methods of controlling the spread of | | |
| infection through simulation. Assignment 3 also involves students explaining the | | |
| purpose of protective clothing in controlling the spread of infection. | | |
| Students build on their knowledge of controlling infection to complete M2/M3 | | |
| where they explain why a number of methods of preventing the spread of infection | | |
| might be required in health and social care and explain why infection control | | |
| remains important when caring for the deceased. Those students who are able to | | |
| attempt the distinction task analyse the effectiveness of immunisation in controlling | | |
| infection. | | |
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| | promoted. Students will also be able to explain the ways discrimination can be challenged. | | |
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| Unit 5; Infection Control | Student's consider a range of cleaning monitoring procedures used in different health and social care environments and then consider the roles and responsibilities for individual workers in health ,social care and child care environments in managing themselves to prevent the spread of infection. Student's then consider different policies and procedures in place in a health, social care and child care environments , similarities and difference between them and why they are important to the different environments. For M4 students need to consider why each of the different policies and procedures considered in P10 is in place and its importance in promoting good infection control. Finally, students who are attempting the distinction task need to consider action that would be appropriate for a health and social care worker to take in ensuring that individuals who require care or support comply with policies and procedures that are in place to control infection and the implication of them not doing so. | Decontamination Vaccination Protective clothing PPE Waste segregation RIDDOR | Assessment will take place through students meeting the set criteria for the NEA and opportunities for improvement will be given after each submitted task |

| Subject: HSC | Subject Leader: Bethan Woolley | Year Group: 13 | SUMMER TERM |
|---|---|---|--|
| Торіс | Key Learning Points | Key Vocabulary | Assessments |
| Unit 2: Equality, Diversity and Rights | Students will spend this term applying the knowledge gained from the four learning objectives to fully revise for the examination. Students will: Practice exam techniques using past papers Practice exam techniques by summative discussion of the exam questions Understanding the command verbs and applying these to exam papers Understanding what is expected for differing mark allocations Creating learning mats for each of the learning objectives | Command verbs such as Analyse, Explain, Discuss, Evaluate | Assessment will take place through embedded examination questions to consolidate learning and end of topic tests |
| relevant documentari | How parents can support learning in the subject this acad is have an awareness of the vast amount of news stories linked to HSC and EY. We encourage es and encourage wider reading around this subject to broaden their knowledge. Healt ely impact their experience on this course. | ourage families to discuss cas | |
| | Recommended Reading | | |
| The following website https://www.ocr.org.u https://www.scie.org. https://www.theguard | uk/qualifications/cambridge-technicals/health-and-social-care/ uk/ | | |
| | Points to note | | |
| Occasionally students | may reflect on personal experience when discussing case studies. We never expect stu | idents to divulge private or pe | ersonal circumstances. |